



# XTP 103

**OPERATOR MANUAL**

**ISSUE 3**

## **Welcome**

Thank you and congratulations on choosing Parweld. This Owner's Manual is designed to help you get the most out of your Parweld products. Please take time to read the Safety precautions. They will help you protect yourself against potential hazards in the workplace. With proper maintenance this equipment should provide years of reliable service. All our systems conform to ISO9001: 2008 and are independently audited by NQA.

The entire product range carries the CE mark, and is constructed in accordance with European directives and the product specific standards where they apply.

## **Further Information**

Parweld is the UK's leading manufacturer of MIG, TIG and Plasma torches and consumables. For more information about Parweld's complete range visit: [www.parweld.co.uk](http://www.parweld.co.uk)

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# 1.0 Safety Precautions

## **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**

Touching live electrical parts can cause fatal shocks or severe burns. The electrode and work circuit is electrically live whenever the output is on. The input power circuit and machine internal circuits are also live when power is on.

Do not touch live electrical parts.

Wear dry, sound insulating gloves and body protection.

Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulating mats or covers big enough to prevent any physical contact with the work ground.

Additional safety precautions are required when any of the following electrically hazardous conditions are present: in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings, or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling, or lying; or when there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the work piece or ground.

Disconnect input power before installing or servicing this equipment. Lockout/tagout input power according to Safety Standards.

Properly install and ground this equipment according to national and local standards.

Always verify the supply ground - check and ensure that input power cable ground wire is properly connected to ground terminal in the receptacle outlet.

When making input connections, attach proper grounding conductor first - double-check connections.

Frequently inspect input power cable for damage or bare wiring - replace cable immediately if damaged - bare wiring can kill.

Turn off all equipment when not in use.

Do not use worn, damaged, under sized, or poorly spliced cables.

Do not drape cables over your body.

If earth grounding of the work piece is required, ground it directly with a separate cable.

Do not touch torch tip while machine is switched on.

Use only well-maintained equipment. Repair or replace damaged parts at once. Maintain unit according to manual.

Wear a safety harness if working above floor level.

Keep all panels and covers securely in place.

Clamp work cable with good metal-to-metal contact to work piece or worktable as near the weld as practical.

Insulate work clamp when not connected to work piece to prevent contact with any metal object.

Cutting produces fumes and gases. Breathing these fumes and gases can be hazardous to your health.

## **FUMES AND GASES can be hazardous.**

Keep your head out of the fumes. Do not breathe the fumes. If inside, ventilate the area and/or use local forced ventilation at the arc to remove welding fumes and gases.

If ventilation is poor, wear an approved respirator.

Read and understand the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS's) and the manufacturer's instructions for metals, consumable, coatings, cleaners, and de-greasers.

Work in a confined space only if it is well ventilated, or while wearing an air-supplied respirator. Always have a trained watch person nearby. Cutting fumes and gases can displace air and lower the oxygen level causing injury or death. Be sure the breathing air is safe.

Do not cut in locations near de-greasing, cleaning, or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with vapours to form highly toxic and irritating gases.

Do not cut on coated metals, such as galvanized, lead, or cadmium plated steel, unless the coating is removed from the cut area, the area is well ventilated, and while wearing an air-supplied respirator. The coatings and any metals containing these elements can give off toxic fumes if cut.

## **ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.**

Arc rays from the cutting process produce intense, visible and invisible (ultraviolet and infrared) rays that can burn eyes and skin. Sparks fly off from the weld.

Wear an approved welding helmet fitted with a proper shade of filter lens to protect your face and eyes when welding or watching

Wear approved safety glasses with side shields under your helmet.

Use protective screens or barriers to protect others from flash, glare and sparks; warn others not to watch the arc.

Wear protective clothing made from durable, flame resistant material (leather, heavy cotton, or wool) and foot protection. Cutting on closed containers, such as tanks, drums, or pipes, can cause them to blow up. Sparks can fly off from the cutting arc. The flying sparks, hot work piece, and hot equipment can cause fires and burns. Accidental contact of electrode to metal objects can cause sparks, explosion, overheating, or fire. Check and be sure the area is safe before doing any cutting.

## **WELDING can cause fire or explosion.**

Remove all flammables within 10m of the welding arc. If this is not possible, tightly cover them with approved covers.

Do not weld where flying sparks can strike flammable material.

Protect yourself and others from flying sparks and hot metal.

Be alert that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas.

Watch for fire, and keep a fire extinguisher nearby. Be aware that

cutting on a ceiling, floor, bulkhead, or partition can cause fire on the hidden side.

Do not cut on closed containers such as tanks, drums, or pipes, unless they are properly prepared according to local regulations

Connect work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical to prevent cutting current from travelling along, possibly unknown paths and causing electric shock, sparks, and fire hazards.

Wear oil-free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes, and a cap. Remove any combustibles, such as a butane lighter or matches, from your person before doing any cutting.

**FLYING METAL can injure eyes.**

Cutting, chipping, wire brushing, and grinding cause sparks and flying metal. As cuts cool they can throw off slag. Wear approved safety glasses with side shields even under your welding helmet.

**BUILDUP OF GAS can injure or kill.**

Shut off the gas supply when not in use. Always ventilate confined spaces or use approved air-supplied respirator.

**HOT PARTS can cause severe burns.**

Do not touch hot parts with bare hands.

Allow cooling period before working on gun or torch.

To handle hot parts, use proper tools and/or wear heavy, insulated welding gloves and clothing to prevent burns.

**MAGNETIC FIELDS can affect pacemakers.**

Pacemaker wearers keep away.

Wearers should consult their doctor before going near arc welding, gouging, or spot welding operations.

**NOISE can damage hearing.**

Noise from some processes or equipment can damage hearing.

Wear approved ear protection if noise level is high.

Shielding gas cylinders contain gas under high pressure.

**CYLINDERS can explode if damaged.**

Protect compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, physical damage, slag, open flames, sparks, and arcs. Install cylinders in an upright position by securing to a stationary support or cylinder rack to prevent falling or tipping. Keep cylinders away from any welding or other electrical circuits. Never drape a cutting torch over a gas cylinder. Never allow a cutting tip to touch any cylinder. Never cut a pressurized cylinder - explosion will result. Use only correct shielding gas cylinders, regulators, hoses, and fittings designed for the specific application; maintain them and associated parts in good condition.

Turn face away from valve outlet when opening cylinder valve.

Use the right equipment, correct procedures, and sufficient number of persons to lift and move cylinders.

Read and follow instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and Compressed Gas Association (CGA) recommendations.

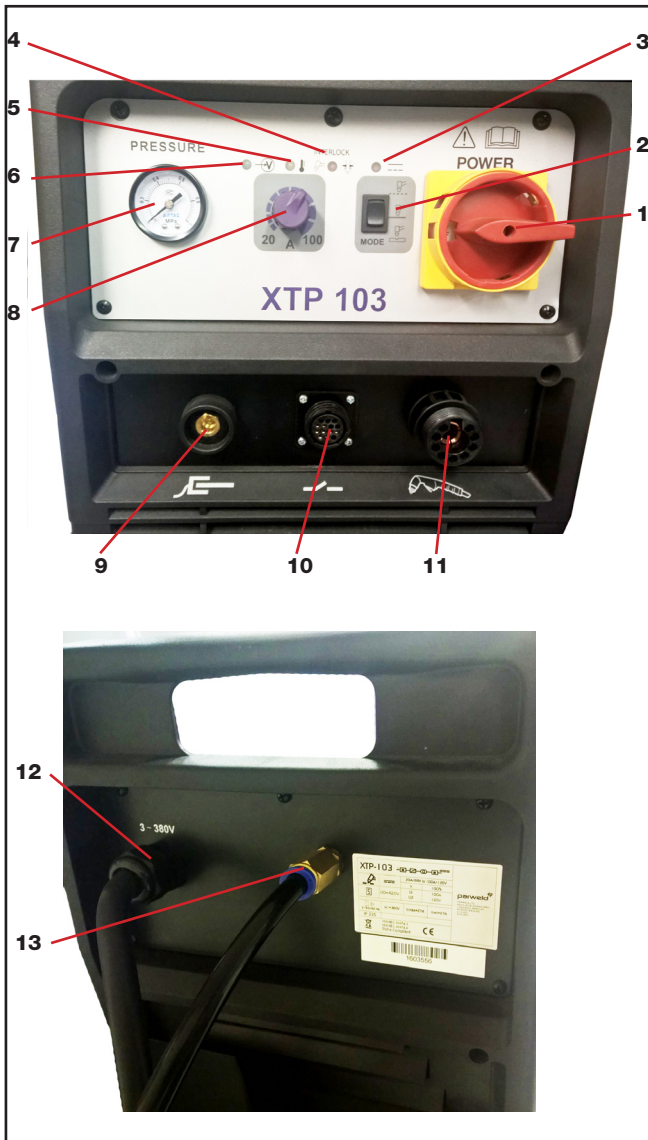
## 2.0 Product Description

This welding machine is manufactured using advanced inverter technology. The input voltage is rectified to DC and then inverted to high frequency AC voltage. Before being converted back to DC for the output. This allows the use of a much smaller transformer and so allowing weight saving and improved power efficiency.

## 3.0 Technical Specifications

	Data
<b>Input voltage</b>	400V +/- 10%
<b>Frequency</b>	50/60Hz
<b>Input current</b>	24A MAX
<b>Fuse rating</b>	32A (D rating)
<b>Output OCV</b>	420V
<b>Output load voltage</b>	88-120V
<b>Output Current</b>	20-100A DC
<b>Cutting capacity Production</b>	30mm
<b>Cutting Capacity Severance</b>	50mm

## 4.0 Description of Controls



- 1) ON OFF Switch for switching on or off the mains supply to the machine. The switch is mounted on the rear panel.
- 2) Mode selector, Top mesh cutting, centre standard cutting and bottom Gouging Mode
- 3) Power light This indicates mains power is applied to the machine and that the machine is currently switched on when the light is illuminated
- 3) Output power on. Illuminates when the DC output current is on. .
- 4) Interlock fault. If this light illuminates it indicates one of the following. Short circuit between the electrode and tip, front end torch parts missing or incorrectly fitted, Shield cup not fitted correctly (lamp flashes) low air pressure.
- 5) Fault light This indicates a fault or over temperature condition with the machine refer to the fault finding section for further information
- 6) AC input power on
- 7) Input pressure indicator
- 8) Output power control for adjustment of the power output of the machine between 20 and 100Amps.

- 9) Earth lead connector.
- 10) CNC interface.
- 11) Torch connector
- 12) Mains input cable
- 13) Air line connector

## 5.0 Installation

Read entire installation section before starting installation.

### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**
- **Only qualified personnel should perform this installation.**
- **Only personnel that have read and understood the Operating Manual should install and operate this equipment.**
- **Machine must be grounded per any national, local or other applicable electrical regulations.**
- **The power switch is to be in the OFF position when installing work cable and torch and when connecting other equipment.**

### 5.1 Unpacking the Machine

Carefully remove the machine from the packaging, we recommend you retain the packaging until the machine has been fully installed and tested incase it has been damaged in transit and has to be returned to the re-seller.

### 5.2 Location

Be sure to locate the welder according to the following guidelines:  
 In areas, free from moisture and dust.  
 Ambient temperature between 0-40°C.  
 In areas, free from oil, steam and corrosive gases.  
 In areas, not subjected to abnormal vibration or shock.  
 In areas not exposed to direct sunlight or rain.  
 Place at a distance of 12" (300 mm) or more from walls or similar that could restrict natural airflow for cooling.

### 5.3 Input and grounding connection

#### WARNING

**Before starting the installation, check that your power supply is adequate for the voltage, amperage, phase, and frequency specified on the Machine nameplate.**

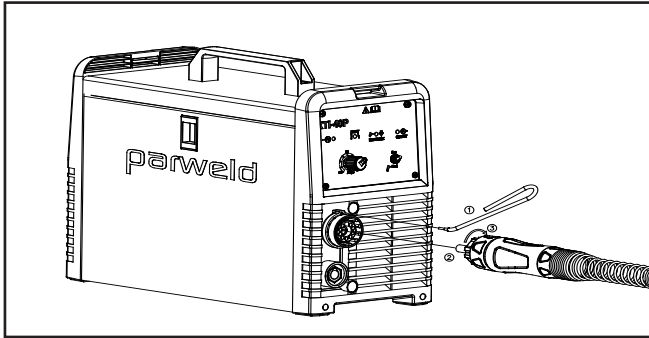
Operate the welding power source from a single-phase 50/60 Hz, AC power supply. The input voltage must match one of the electrical input voltages shown on the input data label on the unit nameplate. The XTP-103 machine can be used on 400V supply and will automatically adjust itself depending upon the voltage applied.

Refer to the specifications table for voltage tolerances.

Have a qualified electrician connect the input plug. For long runs over 30m , larger copper wires should be used. The green/yellow wire in the input cable connects to the frame of the machine. This ensures proper grounding of the machine when the machine plug is inserted into the receptacle.

### 5.4 Torch installation

Connect the torch to the machine using the special tool supplied as illustrated below.



- 1) Push the torch connector into the socket on the machine taking care to line up the pins.
- 2) Tighten the hand nut on the torch to secure the torch

**CAUTION:** Before switching on the machine ensure all spares are fitted correctly to the torch and in good condition failure fit spare parts can result in the destruction of the torch head.

### 5.5 Work return lead connection

Insert the connector in the socket and twist clockwise to lock.

## 6.0 Operation

#### WARNING

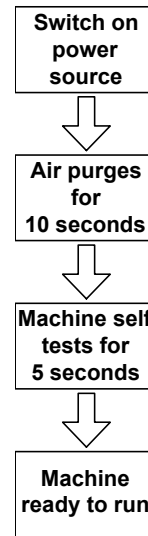
When using an open arc process, it is necessary to use correct eye, head, and body protection.

### 6.1 Consumable parts

The electrode, swirl ring and cutting tip are held in position by the nozzle; removal of the nozzle allows these parts to be replaced. Cutting tip size should be selected to match the selected amperage on the machine and is not related to the thickness of the material to be cut. Electrodes should be replaced when the insert has eroded to a depth of no more than 1.2mm failure to replace the electrode may result in permanent torch damage. The life of the electrode is dependant upon the cut amperage and the number of starting operations performed. The higher start frequency and cutting power will give the shortest electrode life. Check the electrode condition every 30 minutes of cutting.

### 6.2 Switching on the machine

When the machine is switched on it will perform a self test routing as detailed following.



### 6.3 Setting the Air pressure

Connect the air line to the rear of the machine and Switch on the machine. The air supply should be capable of supplying compressed air at a pressure of 6Bar and a flow rate of 155lpm free air delivery. Switch on the machine and with the air flowing ensure the interlock light does not come on, if the interlock light illuminates then the air supply pressure to the machine must be increased, it can be adjusted by the know bat the rear of the top panel but if the supply pressure from the compressor is to low it may not be possible to reach the correct pressure.

### 6.4 Getting ready to cut

Use the control knob on the front of the machine to adjust the required output current, a higher current will give faster cutting and a lower current slower cutting but more control for detail cutting. The higher the set current the greater the wear rate will be for the tip and electrode.

### 6.5 Cut Quality

Cut quality requirements differ depending on application. Bevel angle may be a major factor when the surface will be welded after cutting. Dross-free cutting is important when finish cut quality is desired to avoid a secondary cleaning operation. Rounding on the top edge of a cut due to wearing from the initial contact of the plasma arc on the work piece. Dross is molten material which is not blown out of the cut area and re-solidifies on the plate. Top spatter is dross which accumulates on the top surface of the work piece. Excessive dross may require secondary clean-up operations after cutting. Improper standoff (the distance between the torch tip and work piece) can adversely affect tip life as well as shield cup life. Standoff may also significantly affect the bevel angle. Reducing standoff generally results in a squarer cut. A guide clip and crown stand off guide is available to maintain a constant stand off height. The plasma gas stream swirls as it leaves the torch. The purpose of the swirl is to maintain a smooth column of gas. The swirl effect results in one side of a cut being squarer than the other. Viewed along the direction of travel, the right side of the cut is squarer than the left. If dross is present on carbon steel, it is commonly referred to as either "high speed, slow speed, or top dross". Dross present on top of the plate is normally caused by too great a torch to plate distance. Top dross is normally very easy to remove and can often be wiped off with a welding glove. Slow speed dross is normally present on the bottom edge of the plate. It can vary from a light to heavy bead, but does not adhere tightly to the cut edge, and can be easily scraped off. High speed dross usually forms a narrow bead along the bottom of the cut edge and is very difficult to remove. When cutting troublesome steel, it is sometimes useful to reduce the cutting speed to produce slow speed dross. Any resultant cleanup can be accomplished by scraping, not grinding. Starting the Cut Edge Starting For edge starts, hold the torch perpendicular to the work piece with the front of the tip on the edge of the work piece at the point where the cut is to start. When starting at the edge of the plate, do not pause at the edge and force the arc to "reach" for the edge of the metal. Establish the cutting arc as quickly as possible.

### 6.6 Piercing

For piercing, angle the torch slightly too direct sparks away from the torch until the pierce is complete. Start and complete the pierce close to the cutting line and then continue the cut onto the line. Hold the torch perpendicular to the work piece after the pierce is complete. Clean spatter and scale from the outer nozzle and the tip as soon as possible. A light coating of anti-spatter compound may be applied to the outside to minimize the amount of scale which adheres to it. Be careful not to get anti-spatter compound on the torch tip or other parts.

### 6.7 Operating the torch

The XTP103 will operate in HF and non HF starting modes depending upon the torch type connected. The machine is normally supplied with the XTA141 torch which works with High frequency (HF) starting. should you wisg to use a smaller torch the it is possible to use the XT4000 torch which works without HF but can only be used up to 60A .

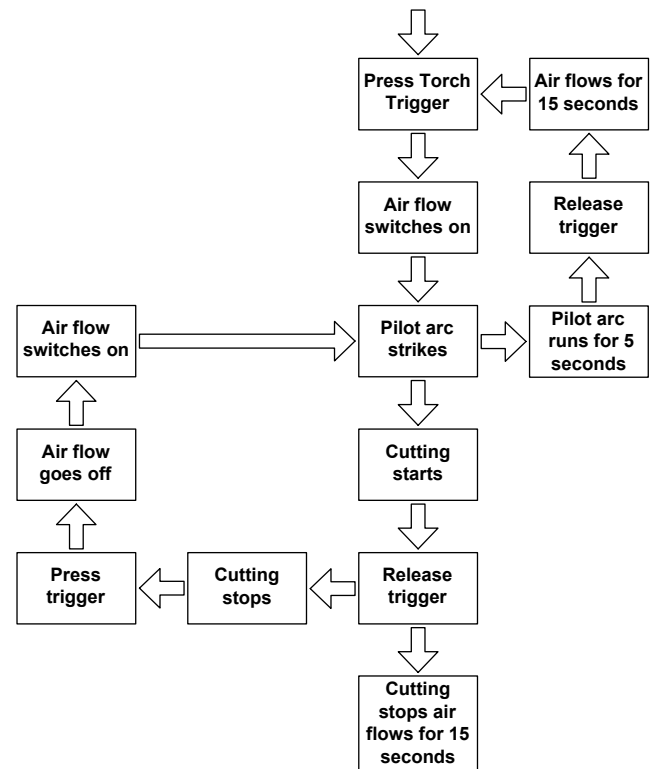
The starting procedure for the torches differ as follows.

XTA141 With the torch in starting position press and hold the trigger. After an initial gas purge, the main arc will come on. Once on, the main arc remains on as long as the trigger switch is held down, unless the torch is withdrawn from the work or torch motion is too slow. If the cutting arc is interrupted, the cutting process must be restarted. To shut off the torch simply release the trigger switch. When the switch is released a 15 second post-flow will occur. The torch may be restarted by pressing the trigger at any time.

XT4000 With the torch in starting position press and hold the trigger. After an initial gas purge, the main arc will come on. Once on, the main arc remains on as long as the trigger switch is held down, unless the torch is withdrawn from the work or torch motion is too slow. If the cutting arc is interrupted, the cutting process must be restarted. To shut off the torch simply release the trigger switch. When the switch is released a 15 second post-flow will occur. If the torch switch is closed during the post-flow, the cutting arc will restart after switching off the air. Refer to the flow chart below for the operating sequence.

## 7.0 Fault Finding

Cutting problems





Description	Possible cause	Remedy
Torch cuts but not adequately	1. Current set too low 2. Torch is being moved too fast across work piece 3. Oil or moisture in torch	1. Increase current setting. 2. Reduce cutting speed 3. Ensure water trap on rear of machine is empty (disconnect air supply to allow it to drain). Put machine in setting mode Hold torch 1/8 inch (3 mm) from clean surface while purging and observe oil or moisture buildup (do not activate torch)
Heavy dross on underside of plate	Cutting power is to low	Increase cutting power
Cut is not straight	1. Tip is damaged 2. Cut direction is not correct.	Reduce travel speed; ensure correct tip is fitted for amperage. Observe correct standoff and direction of cut

**Power source problems**

Cut quality is dependent on the selection of the correct consumable, maintenance of equipment and proper cutting technique.

Description	Possible Cause	Remedy
Interlock light illuminates when trigger pressed	Air pressure is set to low	Adjust air pressure to 5Bar. Restart the power source
Interlock light flashes when trigger pressed	Outer nozzle or other consumable not installed correctly	re-assemble front end spares to ensure outer nozzle is seated fully. Restart the power source
Interlock light illuminates when trigger pressed, and the air flow is intermittent	Cutting tip or electrode not installed correctly	re-install the tip and electrode. Restart the power source
	Short circuit in side the torch or cable	Have it checked by a qualified engineer

Description	Possible Cause	Remedy
Fault light illuminates	Machine has over heated.	Allow machine to cool with fan running
	Input voltage is to high	Ensure input voltage is correct
	Internal machine fault	Have machine inspected by qualified engineer
Torch does not start when trigger pressed	Machine is in Set mode	Change switch to run mode on front panel

**ROUTINE MAINTENANCE**

The only routine maintenance required for the power supply is a thorough cleaning and inspection, with the frequency depending on the usage and the operating environment.

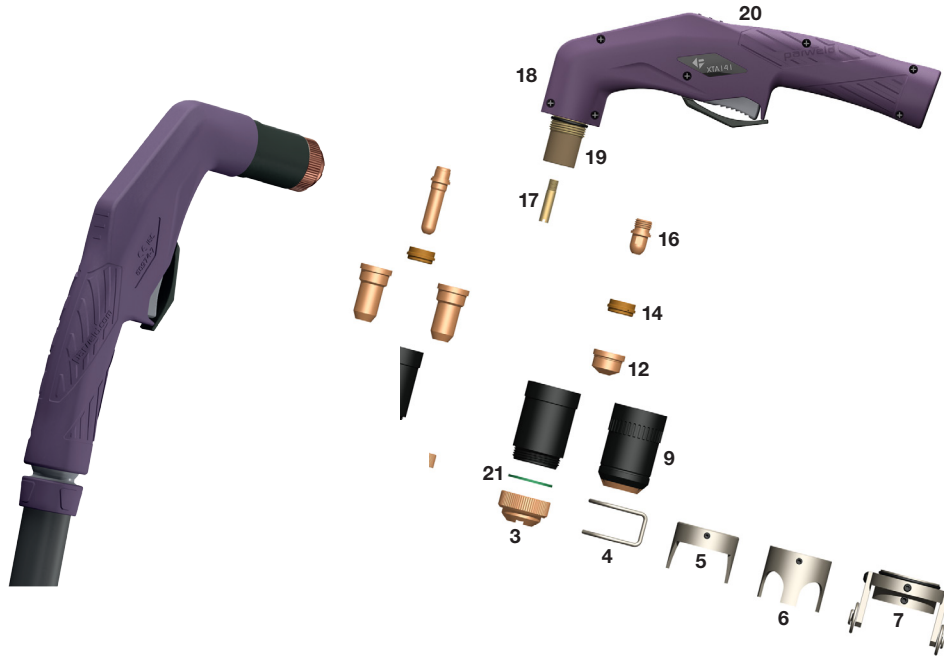
**Warning**

**Disconnect primary power at the source before removing the cover. Wait at least two minutes before opening the cover to allow the primary capacitors to discharge.**

To clean the unit, remove the screws securing the outer cover, lift off the outer cover and use a vacuum cleaner to remove any accumulated dirt and dust. The unit should also be wiped clean, if necessary; with solvents that are recommended for cleaning electrical apparatus.

# A141

140A @ 60% Duty Cycle, EN60974-7



## Torch Model

Stock Code	Reference	Description	Termination
XTA141-6-CC	PA1504	A141 Plasma Cutting Torch x 6MT Coaxial Cable	Central Connector
XTA141M-6-CC	PA1505	A141 Machine Plasma Cutting Torch x 6MT Coaxial Cable	Central Connector

## Technical Data

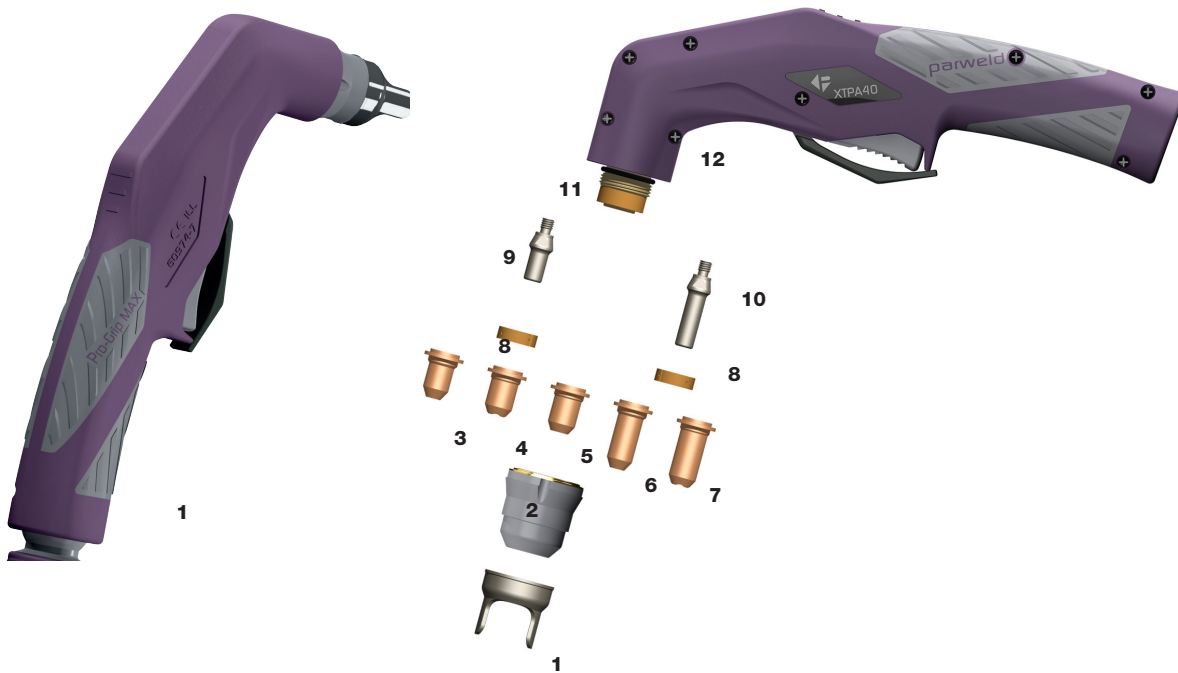
Voltage Class	M	Duty Cycle 60%	140A
Standard Length	6m	Duty Cycle 100%	100A
Air Consumption	210 l/min	Start Method	HF Ignition – Pilot Arc
Air Pressure	5 Bar		

## Consumables

Stock Code	Description	Stock Code	Description
1 CV09	Long Contact Cutting Attachment	12 PD101-19	Cutting Tip 1.9mm
2 CV08	Contact Cutting Attachment	PD101-30	Cutting Tip 3.0mm
3 CV23	Contact Cutting Attachment	14 PE101	Air Diffuser
4 CV11	Stand Off Guide	16 PR101	Electrode
5 CV12	Two Pins Crown Shield	17 FH563	Diffuser
6 CV14	Four Pins Crown Shield	18 EA131	O' Ring
7 CV21	Carriage	19 PWPF155	Torch Head c/w FH563 Diffuser
8 PC103	Contact Cutting Nozzle	20 PWTP110	Handle with Trigger
PC131	Contact Cutting Nozzle Long Life	21 FH297	Insulator Washer
9 PC101	Outside Nozzle		
PC102	Heavy Duty Nozzle		
12 PD101-14	Cutting Tip 1.4mm		
PD101-17	Cutting Tip 1.7mm		

# Parweld XT4000

Rating: 60A @ 80% Can be use for detail cutting on the XTP103 upto 60A in non HF mode the machine will detect if this torch is fitted.



### Technical Data

Voltage Class	M
Standard Length	6mt
Air Consumption	110 l/min
Air Pressure	5 Bar
Duty Cycle 80%	60A
Start Method	Non HF with Pilot Arc

### Torch Model

Stock Code	Description
XT4000	Plasma Torch x 6mt Central Connector

### Consumables

Stock Code	Description
<b>1</b> XT4008	Double Pointed Spacer
<b>2</b> XT4007	Retaining Cap
<b>3</b> XT4005-08	Cutting Tip 0.8mm 20-30A
<b>4</b> XT4005-09	Cutting Tip 0.9mm 30-40A
<b>5</b> XT4005-10F	Flat Cutting Tip 1.0mm 40-50A
XT4005-11F	Flat Cutting Tip 1.1mm 50-60A
<b>6</b> XT4005-08L	Extended Cutting Tip 0.8mm 20-30A
<b>7</b> XT4005-09L	Extended Cutting Tip 0.9mm 30-40A
<b>8</b> XT4006	Gas Distributor
<b>9</b> XT4003	Electrode
<b>10</b> XT4003L	Extended Electrode
<b>11</b> XT4010	O Ring
<b>12</b> XT4001	Torch Head

## 9.0 CNC Interface Setup

The XTP103 are equipped with a factory-installed, four-position voltage divider. The built-in voltage divider provides a scaled down arc voltage in the ratios of 20:1, 30:1, 40:1, and 50:1 (maximum output of 18 V). An receptacle on the front of the power supply provides access to the scaled down arc voltage and signals for arc transfer and plasma start.

Note:

The factory presets the voltage divider to 50:1. To change the voltage divider to a different setting, refer to the section on the next page.

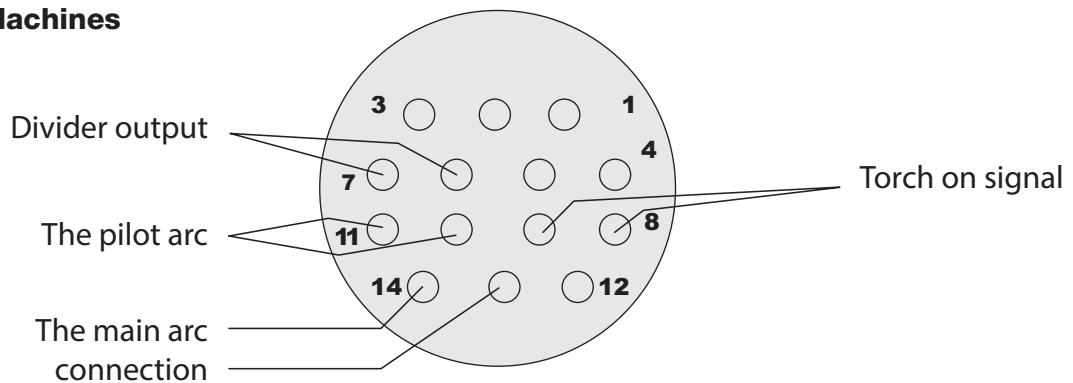
The factory-installed internal voltage divider provides a maximum of 18 V under open circuit conditions. This is an impedance-protected functional extra low voltage (ELV) output to prevent shock, energy, and arcing under normal conditions at the machine interface receptacle and under single fault conditions with the machine interface wiring. The voltage divider is not fault tolerant and ELV outputs do not comply with safety extra low voltage (SELV) requirements for direct connection to computer products.

Note:

Installation of the machine interface cable must be performed by a qualified service technician. To install a machine interface cable:

1. Turn OFF the power and disconnect the power cord.
2. Connect the machine interface cable to the power supply.

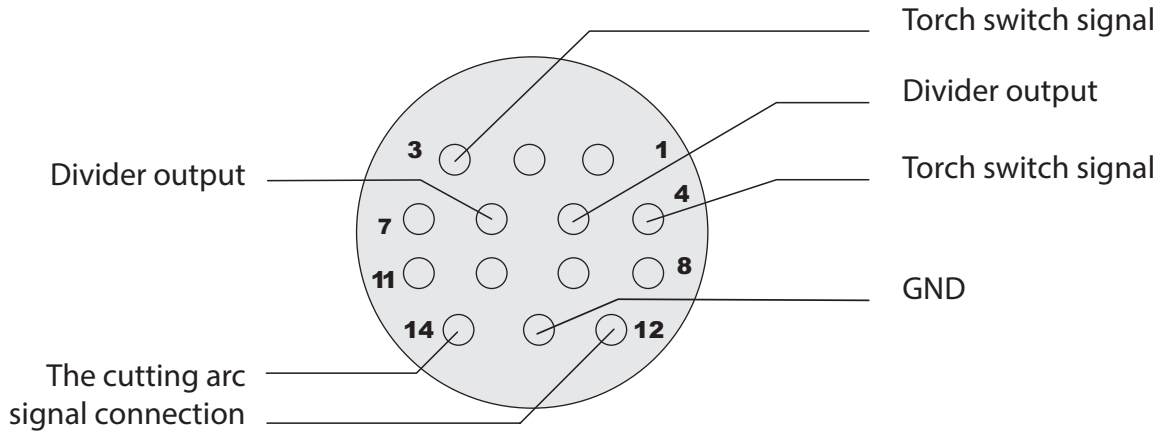
### Pre 2019 Machines



Refer to the following table when connecting the XTP103 system to a torch height controller or CNC controller with a machine interface cable.

Signal	Type	Description	Connector Pin	Cable colour
Start Arc	Input	Normally open. 18VDC OCV at start terminals require try contact closure to activate	8-9	8 White 9 White
Transfer (start motion)	Output	Normally open. Dry contact closure when arc transfers . 120VAC/1A maximum at the machine interface relay or switching device	13-14	13 Yellow 14 Yellow
Ground	Ground			
Voltage divider	Output	When cutting arc signal divided max 18V at 20:1	6(+) 7(-)	6 Red 7 Black

**Post 2019 Machines**



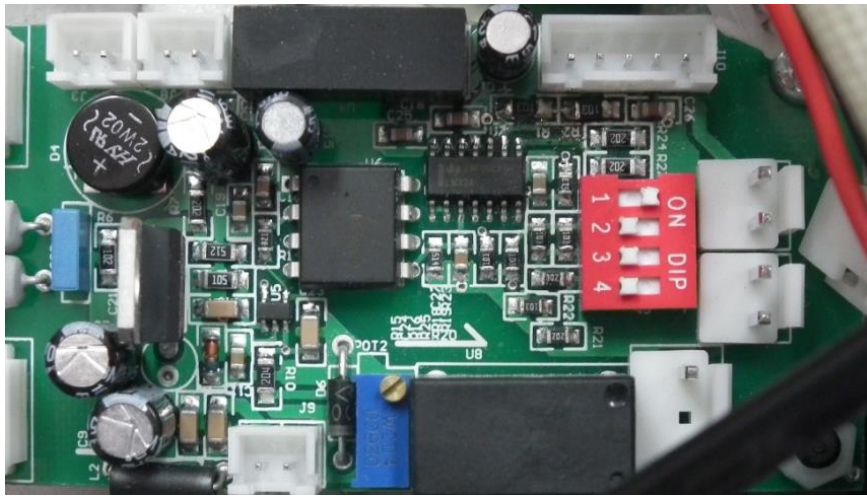
Signal	Type	Description	Connector Pin	Cable colour
Start (start plasma)	Input	Normally open. Requires dry contact closure to activate.	3-4	3 (pink) 4 (brown)
Transfer (start machine motion)	Output	Normally open. Dry contact closure when the arc transfers.  120 VAC/1 A maximum at the machine interface relay or switching device (supplied by the customer).	12-14	12 (blue) 14 (purple)
Ground	Ground		13	13 (yellow & green)
Voltage divider	Output	Divided arc signal of 20:1, 21.1:1, 30:1, 40:1, 50:1 (provides a maximum of 18 V).	6 (+) 5 (-)	6 (orange) 5 (black)

### Setting the five-position voltage divider (Pre 2019)

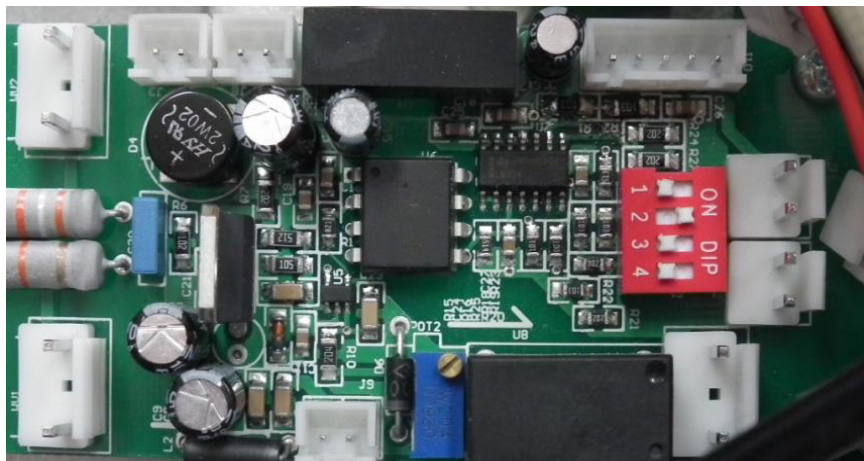
The factory presets the voltage divider to 20:1. To change the voltage divider to a different setting:

1. Turn OFF the power supply and disconnect the power cord.
2. Remove the power supply cover.
3. Locate the voltage divider DIP switches on the left side of the power supply top tray

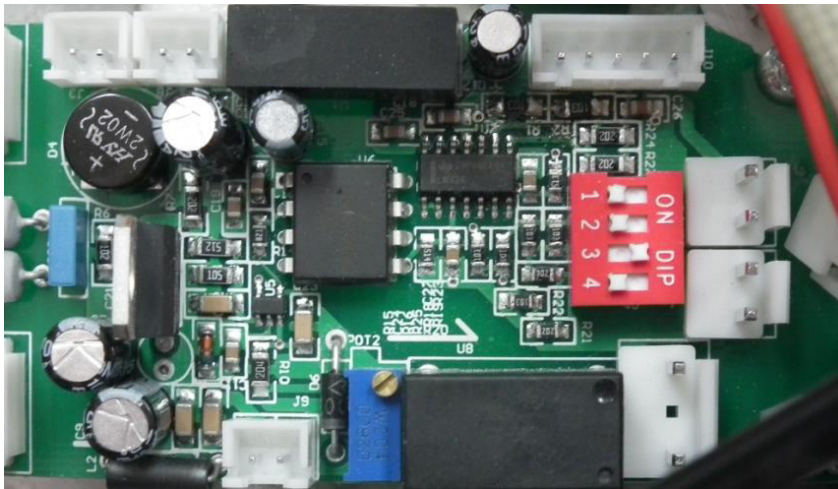
20:1



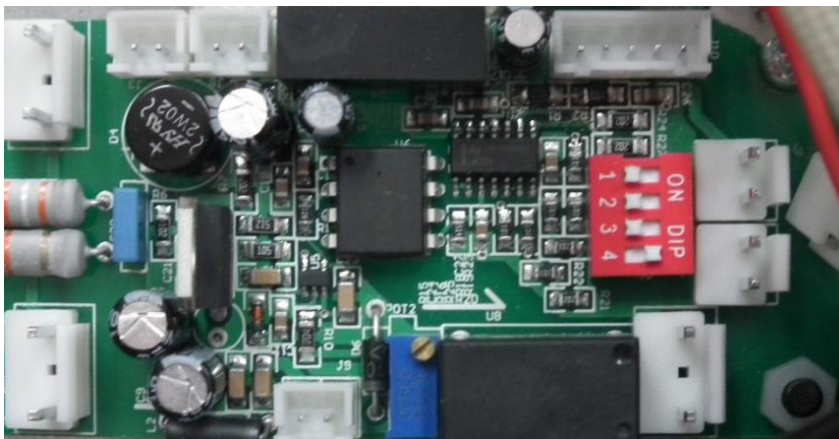
30:1



40:1



50:1



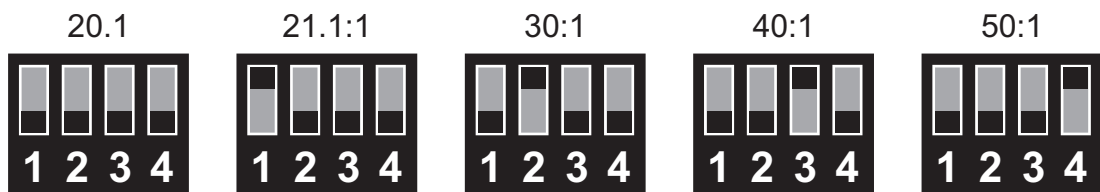
## Setting voltage divider (Post 2019)

### Setting the five-position voltage divider on the XTP103

The factory presets the voltage divider to 50:1. To change the voltage divider to a different setting:

1. Turn OFF the power supply and disconnect the power cord.
2. Remove the power supply cover.
3. Locate the voltage divider DIP switches on the PCB.

Scale Selection	20:1	21.1:1	30:1	40:1	50:1
Switch Dial Number					
<b>1</b>	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
<b>2</b>	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
<b>3</b>	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
<b>4</b>	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON









## 10.0 EC Declaration of Conformity

Hereby we declare that the machines as stated below

Type: XTP 103

Conform to the EC Directives:

Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EEC

EMC Directive 2014/35/EEC

Harmonised European standard: EN/IEC 60974-1

This is to certify that the tested sample is in conformity with all provisions of the above detailed EU directives and product standards.

### 10.1 RoHS Compliance Declaration

Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament

Amended 2015/863 and 2017/2102

Restriction of use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

Type: XTP 103

The above listed products are certified to be compliant with the rohs directive with all homogeneous component parts being controlled to ensure material contents as per the list below.

Cadmium 0.01% by weight

Lead 0.1% by weight

Mercury 0.1% by weight

Hexavalent chromium 0.1% by weight

Polybrominated biphenyl's (pbbs) 0.1% by weight

Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (pbdes) 0.1% by weight

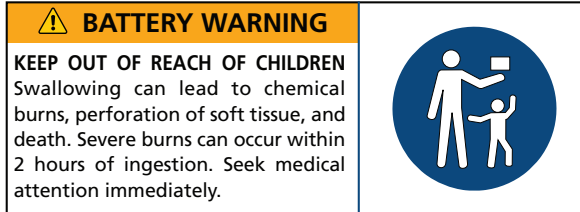
It should be noted that under specific exempted applications, where lead is used as an alloying element the following limits are applied in accordance with the regulations.

Copper and copper alloy parts use less than 4% by weight of each homogeneous component.

Steel and steel alloy parts use less than 4% by weight of each homogeneous component.

Aluminium and aluminium alloy parts use less than 4% by weight of each homogeneous component.

Only dispose off in authorised sites for electrical and electronic waste do not dispose of with general refuse or landfill waste.



## 10.2 WEEE Statement

WEEE (Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment) 2012/19/EU

In relation to implementing the legislation, Parweld has established relevant recycling and recovery methods. We have been fully compliant against the marking requirements since August 2005. Parweld is registered in the UK with the Environment agency as detailed below. For WEE compliance outside the UK please contact your supplier/Importer

Parweld is registered with a compliance scheme Official registration number is WEE/FD0255QV

When your equipment reaches the end of its service life you should return it to Parweld where it will be reconditioned or processed for recycling.

## 10.3 Statement of Warranty

Limited Warranty:

Parweld Ltd, hereafter, "Parweld" warrants its customers that its products will be free of defects in workmanship or material. Should any failure to conform to this warranty appear within the time period applicable to the Parweld products as stated below, Parweld shall, upon notification thereof and substantiation that the product has been stored, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with Parweld's specifications, instructions, recommendations and recognized standard industry practice, and not subject to misuse, repair, neglect, alteration, or accident, correct such defects by suitable repair or replacement, at Parweld's sole option, of any components or parts of the product determined by Parweld to be defective.

Parweld makes no other warranty, express or implied. This warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all others, including, but not limited to any warranty of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose.

Limitation of Liability:

Parweld shall not under any circumstances be liable for special, indirect or consequential damages, such as, but not limited to, lost profits and business interruption. The remedies of the purchaser set forth herein are exclusive and the liability of Parweld with respect to any contract, or anything done in connection therewith such as the performance or breach thereof, or from the manufacture, sale, delivery, resale, or use of any goods covered by or furnished by Parweld whether arising out of contract, negligence, strict tort, or under any warranty, or otherwise, shall not, except as expressly provided herein, exceed the price of the goods upon which such liability is based. No employee, agent, or representative of Parweld is authorized to change this warranty in any way or grant any other warranty.

Purchaser's rights under this warranty are void if replacement parts or accessories are used which in Parweld's sole judgement may impair the safety or performance of any Parweld product.

Purchaser's rights under this warranty are void if the product is sold to purchaser by non-authorized persons.

The warranty is effective for the time stated below beginning on the date that the authorized Distributor delivers the products to the purchaser. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the warranty period extend more than the time stated plus one year from the date Parweld delivered the product to the authorized distributor.



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